

The simple past of *be*

▶ pp. 82–83

Die einfache Form der Vergangenheit von *be*

- 1 a) Find the sentences in 1 (p. 82).
Complete them.

Finde die Sätze in 1 (S. 82). Vervollständige sie.

Dad, where _____ you last weekend? – I _____ busy at the weekend, so I _____ at home.
_____ the video OK? – It _____ really good.

We _____ in a film, Dad. – What film _____ it?

– No, Dad, we _____ at the cinema. It _____ our film. We _____ the actors.

So, _____ you the cameraman? – Yes, I _____.

- b) Draw a red box around all the forms of **was**
and **were**.

Male ein rotes Kästchen um alle Formen von **was** und
were.

- 2 Complete the tables. Use a green pen for the
simple present and a red pen for the simple
past.

Vervollständige die Tabellen. Verwende einen grünen
Stift für das simple present und einen roten Stift für das
simple past.

POSITIVE STATEMENTS		NEGATIVE STATEMENTS	
simple present	simple past	Simple present	simple past
I <u>am</u>	I <u>was</u>	I'm <u>not</u>	I <u>wasn't</u>
You _____	You _____	You _____	You _____
He/She/It _____	He/She/It _____	He/She/It _____	He/She/It _____
We <u>are</u>	We _____	We <u>aren't</u>	We _____
You _____	You _____	You _____	You _____
They _____	They _____	They _____	They _____

- 3 Which time phrase goes with this sentence:
a, b or c?

Welche Zeitangabe passt zu diesem Satz:
a, b oder c?

I was sick ...

- a next week.
b now.
c yesterday.

- 4 Now look at **Grammar File 11** on p. 165.



Schau dir jetzt **Grammar File 11** auf S. 165 an.

The simple past: positive statements

▶ pp. 84–86

Die einfache Form der Vergangenheit: bejahte Aussagesätze

1 a) Find the sentences in **1** (pp. 84–85). Complete them. Then write the infinitives of the verbs in the table on the right.

Sieh dir diese Sätze aus **1** (S. 84–85) an. Vervollständige sie. Dann schreib die Infinitive der Verben in die Tabelle rechts.

On Saturday morning, Plymstock play against Devonport.
 “We _____ there by minibus. Mr Tyler _____ too.”
 “In the last minute, we _____ Devonport’s best player.”
 “Then I _____ two points ... And so we _____ the match.”
 “Then I _____ Dad in the car and _____ him my medal.”

Infinitive (Grundform)

(to) play
 (to) _____ (to) _____
 (to) _____
 (to) _____ (to) _____
 (to) _____ (to) _____

b) Four of the verbs in **1a** are **regular**. Draw a green box around their simple past-endings. The other four verbs in **1a** are **irregular**. Mark them in yellow.

Vier der Verben in **1a** sind **regelmäßig**. Male ein grünes Kästchen um ihre Simple past-Endungen. Die anderen vier Verben in **1a** sind **unregelmäßig**. Markiere sie gelb.

2 Look at the verbs in the box. Write their simple past forms in the right group.

Sieh dir die Verben im Kasten an. Schreib ihre Simple past-Formen in die richtige Gruppe.

arrive • come • copy • dance • go • have • hurry • live • love • plan • shop • stop • try • win

arrive + -ed = arriv <u>ed</u> _____ _____ _____	plan + -ed = plann <u>ed</u> _____ _____ _____	copy + -ed = copi <u>ed</u> _____ _____ _____	come – came (irregular) _____ _____ _____
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3 Which is correct – a, b or c?

Was ist richtig – a, b oder c?

With the *simple past*, you can ...

- a talk about next week, next year, ...
- b talk about every day, now, ...
- c talk about yesterday, last week, last year, ...

4 Now look at **Grammar File 12** on pp. 165–166.



Schau dir jetzt **Grammar File 12** auf S. 165–166 an.