

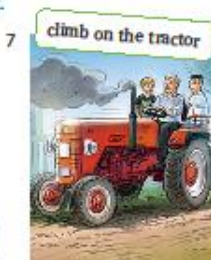
Dear students of 6a,

here I give you the solutions for our last **workbook exercises** with

The Present Perfect.

3 They've arrived at the farm (Present perfect: regular verbs) → SB (p.70) • GF 9 (pp.92-93)

What has happened? Look at the pictures and write a sentence. Use the present perfect.



1 The kids have arrived at the farm.

5 The boys have looked around the farm.

2 Lucy has texted her mum.

6 The girls have helped with the animals.

3 Sam has phoned his dad.

7 The boys have climbed on the tractor.

4 The kids have finished (their) breakfast.

8 Grandpa has started the tractor.

4 I've done that lots of times! (Present perfect: irregular verbs) → SB (p.70) • GF 9 (pp.92-93)

Write sentences about yourself.

I've I haven't	been to	off my bike	once
	eaten	the USA	twice
	fallen	a snake	three times
	seen	a poem in English	a few times
	won	Indian food	lots of times
	written	a prize	



1 I've been to the USA once./I haven't been to the USA.

2 I've eaten Indian food lots of times./I haven't eaten Indian food.

3 I've fallen off my bike a few times./I haven't fallen off my bike.

4 I've seen a snake three times./I haven't seen a snake.

5 I've written a poem in English once./I haven't written a poem in English.

6 I've won a prize twice./I haven't won a prize.

5 Sam has fallen in the mud (Present perfect: statements) SB (p. 70) • GF9 (pp. 92–93)

Finish sentences 1–5 with the verb in the present perfect.
Then add the correct sentence from the box.

The roast beef looks great. · Now he has to have a bath. · Sam doesn't think they're funny.
Oh dear. There aren't any for Grandpa now. · So now they know more about farm animals.

- 1 Sam has fallen in the mud (fall). Now he needs to have a bath.
- 2 Justin has taken some photos of Sam in the mud (take). Sam doesn't think they're funny.
- 3 The Plymouth kids have eaten all the scones (eat). Oh dear. There aren't any for Grandpa now.
- 4 The boys have had a tour of the farm (have). So now they know more about farm animals.
- 5 Grandma has made lunch (make). The roast beef looks great.



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b

6 He hasn't done that yet (Present perfect: already, not ... yet) SB (p. 71) • GF9 (pp. 92–93)

Dan's parents aren't at home today. Look at the 'to do' list for Dan and his sister Gemma.
What have they already done? What haven't they done yet? Write it down.

To do!		
1 feed Charlie	D	✓
2 clean bathroom	D	
3 make beds	D+G	✓
4 buy dog food	D	✓
5 phone Grandma	G	
6 do homework	D+G	

- 1 Dan has already fed Charlie.
- 2 Dan hasn't cleaned the bathroom yet.
- 3 Dan and Gemma have already made their beds.
- 4 Dan has already bought dog food.
- 5 Gemma hasn't phoned Grandma yet.
- 6 Dan and Gemma haven't done their homework yet.



Now let us work at all vocabulary you can already use (p.66 - 71)












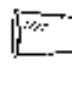




I give you a Vocabulary Action Sheet VAS (Vokabelübungsblatt). You - maybe - can remember, we have already worked at some of other units.








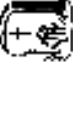
Try to fill new words in. So you test yourself if there are still gaps (Lücken).

That is enough for today. After our winter holidays we start to learn the verbs of the list in your book. If you want you can already start. When you use the "google übersetzer" and type a verb in, you can listen to a speaker and know how to pronounce (aussprechen) the unknown words (verbs).

Let me wish you all a good time and relax, but above all, TAKE CARE AND STAY HEALTHY!!

Yours Mrs Leschniewski.

	In the countryside	Animals	Context	Verbs	Definitions	Pictures	Past participles	German/ English
1	What plants does the farmer grow on this _____? f _____?		There was some _____ over the fields, so you couldn't see much.	Does your father's name _____ with a 'D'?	the land outside towns and cities: c _____		(to) tell – _____	usw. (und so weiter) c _____, (c _____)
2	Horses and cows like eating _____. g _____.		That's Tom in this photo, but who's that girl in the _____? b _____	I don't _____ this car – it's my brother's.	a group of lines in a poem or song: v _____		(to) make – _____	Gedicht p _____
3	We stayed in a nice _____ in the English countryside.		How often have you been to Dartmoor? – Only _____.	Don't eat all the cake – please _____ some for Tom.	soft and very wet ground: m _____		(to) be – _____	da/dort drüben o _____ t _____
4	From the mountain you can see all of the _____. v _____.		Do you want to eat with us? – No thanks, I have _____ eaten.	Read the text and _____ keywords and phrases in it.	it weighs a bit it's _____		(to) come – _____	zweimal pro Woche t _____ w _____
5	In the winter, we feed our cows the _____ from the fields.		Excuse me, has _____ seen my keys?	When there is not enough work, people _____ their jobs.	when something does not take long: d _____		(to) do – _____	dort entlang; in die Richtung t _____ w _____
6	A lot of ponies live on the open _____ in Devon.		I have looked _____, but I can't find my keys.	I just can't _____ what to buy for Tom's birthday.	when something or someone is not there: (to) be m _____		(to) eat – _____	baden, ein Bad nehmen (to) _____ b _____
7	Farmers usually put their hay in a _____. b _____.		I have never seen a tor _____ – it looks interesting!	How long does it _____ to walk to the station?	you need it to make chocolate: c _____		(to) go – _____	Oje! o _____ d _____
8	Don't climb over the _____ – maybe there's a dog behind it!		You should wear a _____ – it often starts to rain suddenly.	I can't walk any more – my feet _____ so much!	a small way that people can walk on: p _____		(to) have – _____	Haast du schon ...? h _____ y _____ ... y _____?

Opposites	Adjectives	Pictures	Verbs	Past participles	Prepositions	Context	German/ English
background – 1 f _____	Hmm, very good! This soup tastes a _____!		Why did he p _____ you in the street without saying hello?	(to) see – _____	There is an exercise _____ the bottom of the page.	I have school a _____ two o'clock, so we can meet then.	Ich würde sehr gern ... f _____ / t _____ ...
at the top – at the b _____	We need a few s _____ men to help us with this heavy box.		Babies often c _____ when they are hungry	(to) bring – _____	Have you ever been _____ London?	We couldn't find our way back from the moor – what an a _____!	(irgend)etwas? a _____?
(to) win – (to) l _____	Ice cream tastes s _____.		You have to t _____ a horse before you can ride it.	(to) buy – _____	I need a new pair _____ socks.	I have two sisters. b _____ sisters are younger than me.	noch ein Foto; ein weiteres Foto o _____ M _____ p _____
(to) shake your head – (to) n _____ your head	My friend is h _____ – he needs a doctor!		You shouldn't w _____ around the moor on your own.	(to) hear – _____	Are you interested _____ football?	It was a beautiful castle 500 years ago, but now it's only a r _____.	meilenweit f _____ M _____
(to) disappear – (to) a _____	You saw me in town? That's l _____ – I was at home.		That can't be true! I don't b _____ you!	(to) meet – _____	Hurry up! I can't wait _____ ever!	It was a great h _____ for me to have tea with the Queen.	nicht mehr M _____ ... a _____ M _____
everybody – not ... a _____	She's a beautiful girl, with a very p _____ face.		It's too cold for bananas to g _____ here.	(to) run – _____	Let's help that old woman _____ the street.	I don't really like meat. Can I have vegetables l _____?	(Erd-)Boden g _____
still – not ... a _____	You want to help me with my bag? That's very k _____ of you.		We are going to p _____ more trees in our garden.	(to) take – _____	London is always full _____ tourists.	Maths is awful – I agree with you. I don't like it e _____.	eines Tages o _____ a _____
clean – a _____	She lives in a n _____ village – only ten minutes from here.		Let's l _____ a _____ the town – maybe there's a nice shop.	(to) write – _____	We need to put a fence _____ our garden.	It never gets warm here – M _____ e _____ in the summer.	genau hinschauen (to) l _____ c _____

